

Transportation 101

Moving People and Goods



Fall 2012



Overall Transportation Funding

How much is being invested in transportation today?

- 2011-13 Washington State Transportation Budget: \$9.0 billion for the biennium
- Annual county, city and transit investment statewide from local sources: over \$3 billion



Other current transportation spending

In 2009, Washington citizens and businesses spent over \$11.1 billion on gasoline and other transportation fuel.

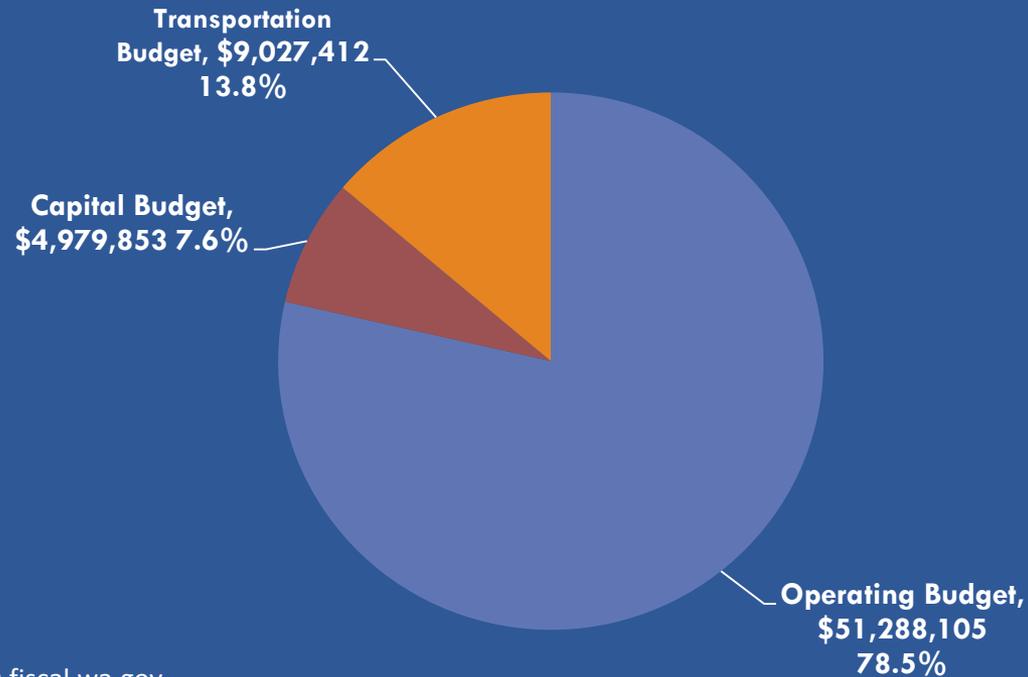
In 2010, new car sales in the state totaled \$9.4 billion.

Washington citizens and businesses spend 3 times as much on transportation as state and local government does.

The average Washington household spends \$2,987 annually on vehicle fuel, compared to \$607 for home heating.



Transportation Infrastructure is Less Than 14% of the State Budget*



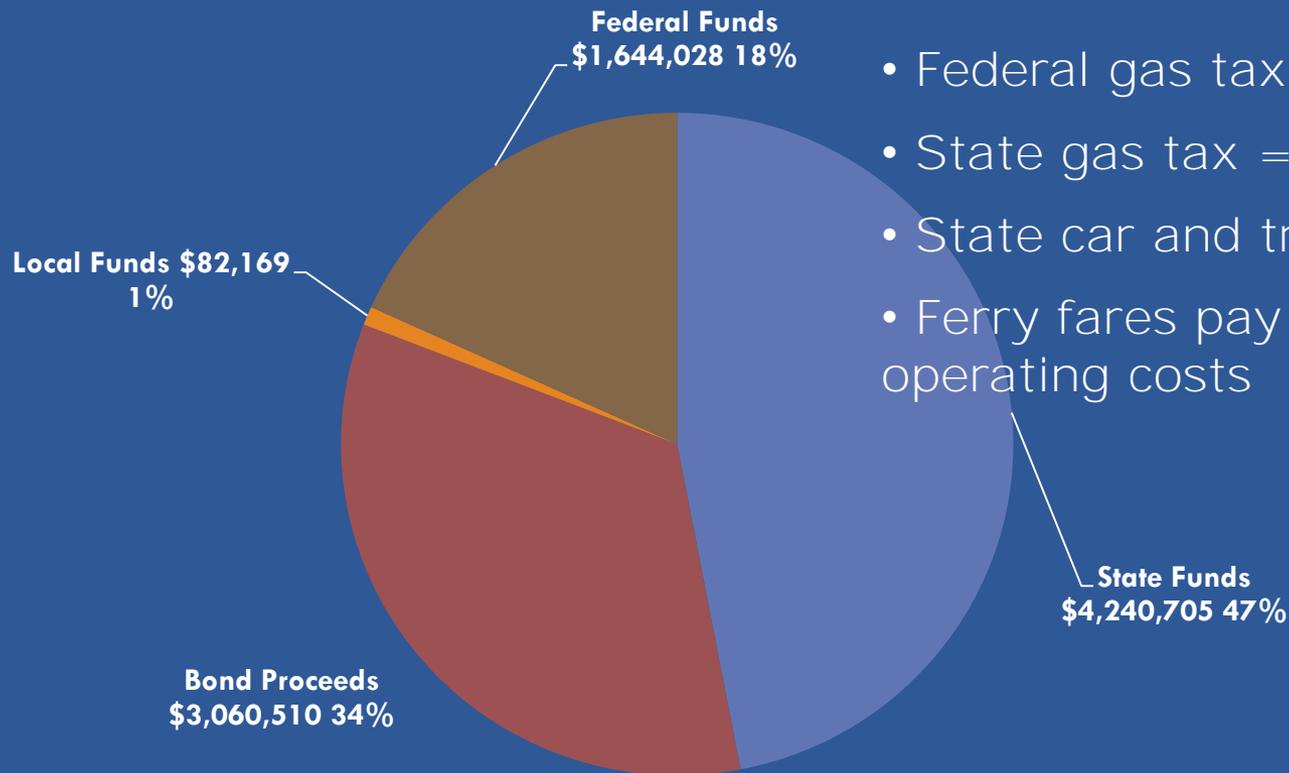
Source: fiscal.wa.gov

2011-13 State Budget -- \$65.3 Billion

*Not all of the Transportation Budget builds infrastructure or moves people and goods. It also includes funding for the Washington State Patrol, the Department of Licensing and other transportation agencies.

Where Does the State Transportation Budget Come From?

2011-13 Enacted Transportation Budget • \$9.0 billion



- Federal gas tax = 18.4¢ per gallon
- State gas tax = 37.5¢
- State car and truck weight fees
- Ferry fares pay for 65% to 70% of operating costs

City Transportation



- Cities and towns have 18,046 miles of streets
- 70% of cities' transportation funding comes from local revenue sources, primarily from sales tax
- 11% of cities' transportation revenue is federal funds
- 19% of cities' transportation revenue comes from the state
 - 2.96¢ of state gas tax is distributed to cities
 - grants from Transportation Improvement Board and Mobility Strategic Investment Board

Freight

County Transportation



- Counties have 39,748 miles of roads in unincorporated areas
- About 62% of counties' transportation funding is locally generated, primarily from the county road share of the property tax
- 11% of counties' transportation revenue is federal funds
- About 27% of counties' transportation funding comes from state revenues
 - 4.92¢ of state gas tax is distributed to counties
 - grants and distributions from County Road Administration Board
 - grants from Transportation Improvement Board and Freight Mobility Strategic Investment Board

Transit



Washington has 31 operating transit agencies.

Most local transit service revenue comes from:

- Locally-approved sales tax
- Fare box receipts
- Federal grants

State investment in public transportation mostly pays for special needs transit and Commute Trip Reduction programs.

Federal funds also provide an Intercity Bus Network that supplements private bus service.

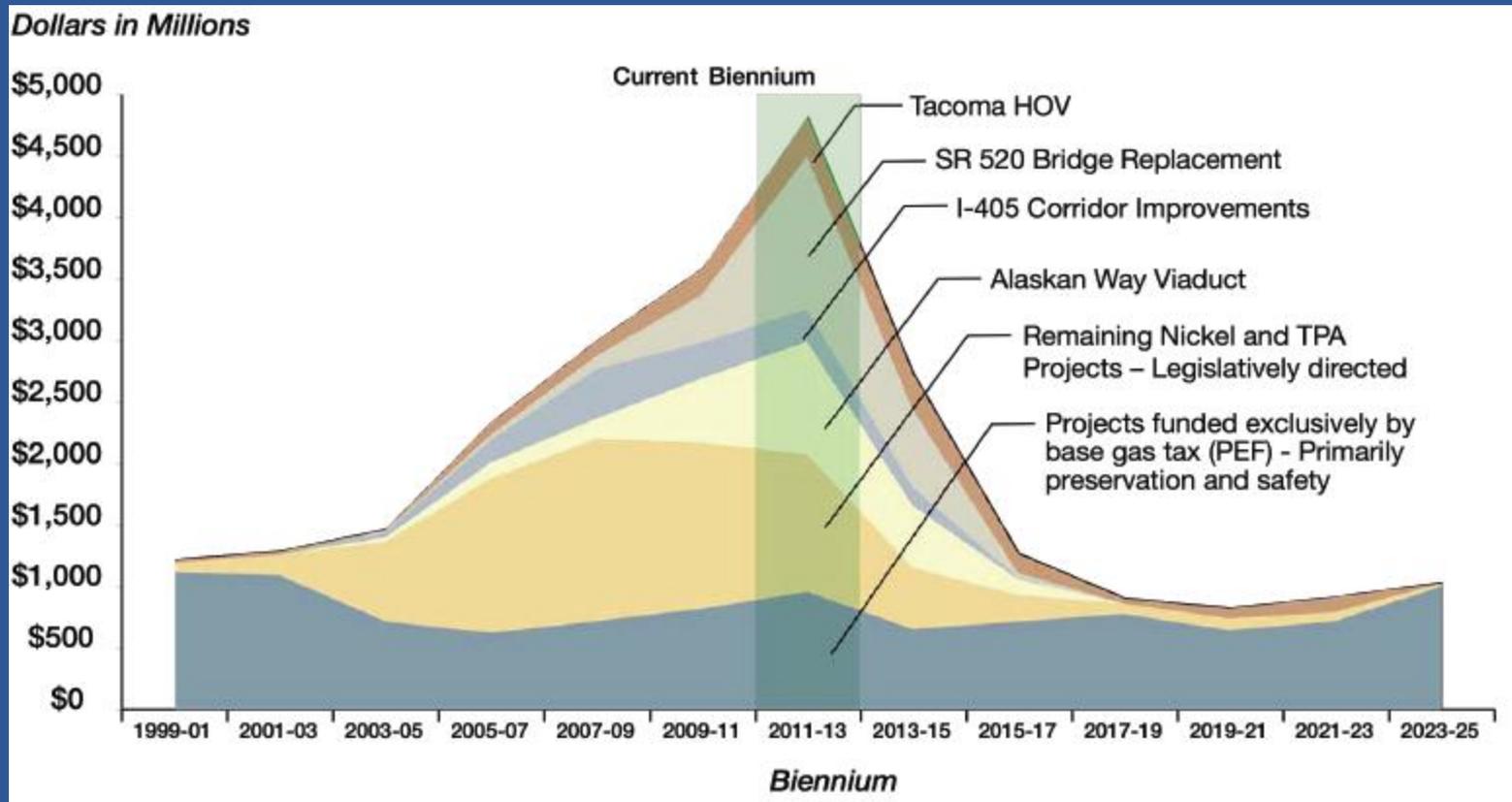
Ports

- 75 port districts in 33 of 39 counties
- Ports can engage in both transportation and economic development
 - Marine shipping
 - Airports
 - Industrial infrastructure
 - Marinas
- Port revenue comes from user fees, leases, property tax and federal grants



What does the Future Bring?

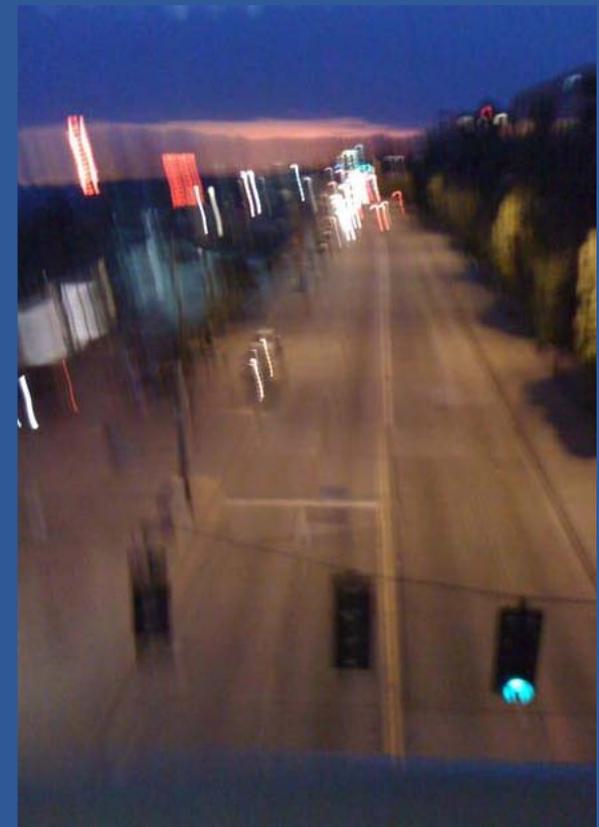
State transportation spending peaks in the 2011-13 biennium then drops off quickly.



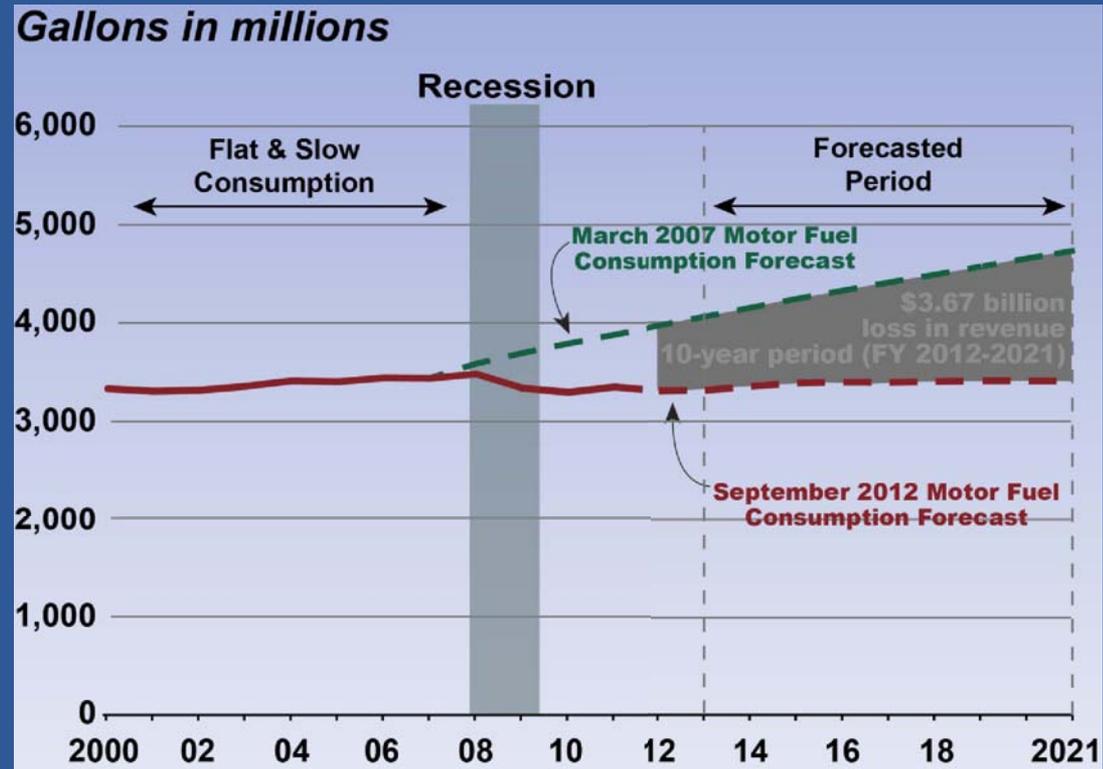


Washington Transportation Plan 2030

- A comprehensive and balanced statewide transportation policy plan reflecting the multi-faceted needs of the state's transportation system
- WTP 2030 is intended to guide investment and other transportation decisions
- A transitional plan, crafted at the beginning of a new era
- Federal transportation policy is evolving and fuel tax revenue is declining



Slowing Fuel Consumption



- The state gas tax funds 76% of all transportation investments.
- Since March 2007, projected fuel tax revenues will fall by \$3.67 billion over the 10-year period.

Debt Service is Growing

Debt Service is a Significant Share of the Transportation Budget and the Legislative 16-year Financial Plan



WTP2030



Estimated 20-year transportation needs:

- By conservative estimates, at least \$175 to \$200 billion is needed to meet statewide transportation needs over the next 20 years.
 - The state need is estimated to be \$63.9 billion.
 - The county need is estimated at nearly \$41 billion.
 - The city need is estimated at almost \$29 billion.
- The 14 Regional Transportation Planning Organizations (RTPOs) submitted their top 20 transportation projects in 2010. The combined cost for the 14 lists of 20 projects was **\$22.6 billion**.
- The RTPO's separately estimated their preservation needs for roads and bridges over the next 10 years to be a total of **\$6.6 billion**.

Big Ideas in WTP 2030

- Our top priority must be to **maintain the capacity of the existing transportation system.**
- **Mobility** of people and goods is critical to our economy.



Big Ideas in the Plan

- Establishing a **stable funding mechanism** is essential to continued mobility and the economic health and quality of life that come from an integrated and connected transportation network.
- **Ensuring environmental sustainability** by reducing emissions and mitigating transportation-related impacts is important to maintaining the quality of life in our state.
- **Performance outcome measures** are essential to ensure value for dollars spent.





Goal: Economic Vitality

To promote and develop transportation systems that stimulate, support and enhance the movement of people and goods to ensure a prosperous economy

- A. **Improve Washington's Economic Competitiveness**
- B. **Strengthen Connectivity of People and Communities**
- C. **Support the Coordinated, Connected, and Efficient Movement of Freight & Goods**
- D. **Invest in the State's Aviation System**
- E. **Ensure the Ability to Build and Expand Essential Public Facilities**

Goal: Preservation



To maintain, preserve and extend the life and utility of prior investments in transportation systems and services

- A. **Focus on Preserving the Existing State and Local Transportation Network**
- B. **Explore New Funding Strategies for Public Transportation**
- C. **Invest in Preservation of Ferry Vessels and Terminal Infrastructure**

Goal: Safety



To provide for and improve the safety and security of transportation customers and the transportation system

- A. Foster Implementation of Comprehensive Safety Strategies Across All Jurisdictions and Transportation Modes**
- B. Continue to Plan and Engineer Projects for Safety**
- C. Encourage Inter-Agency Collaboration and Cooperation on Emergency Preparedness and Response**

Goal: Mobility



To improve the predictable movement of goods and people throughout Washington State

- A. Support Mobility Options to Help Communities Meet the Public's Travel Needs**
- B. Improve Connectivity to Facilitate Travel Across Modes and Communities**
- C. Strategically Prepare to Meet the Needs of an Aging Population**
- D. Support Transportation for Special Needs Populations**

Goal: Environment

To enhance Washington's quality of life through transportation investments that promote energy conservation, enhance healthy communities, and protect the environment.

- A. Transportation Investments Should Support Healthy Communities**
- B. Manage The Transportation System To Foster Environmental Sustainability**
- C. Accelerate Clean Transportation Options**



Goal: Stewardship

To continuously improve the quality, effectiveness, and efficiency of the transportation system



- A. **Continue to Implement Performance Measures to Ensure Accountability**
- B. **Leverage Available Technologies to Maximize efficiency in the Transportation System**
- C. **Support Tolling as a User-Based Funding Mechanism**
- D. **Review Regulations That Require the Same Standard and performance Level for All Transportation Improvements**
- E. **Strengthen the Integration Between Land Use and Transportation Decision-making**
- F. **Address Tribal Transportation Needs**

Funding Recommendations

The Commission endorses the near-term revenue recommendations from the 2009 Joint Transportation Committee report including:

- *Increase the motor vehicle fuel tax through indexing or other means*
- *Increase licensing and permit fee revenues*
- *Increase weight fees*
- *Adopt fees for electric and other high mileage vehicles*

The 2012 Legislature increased licensing and vehicle registration fees and adopted an electric vehicle licensing fee.



Preserve and Maintain

Commission's top priority:

preserve and maintain the capacity of the existing transportation system.

Investment in preservation must extend across **all modes and jurisdictions.**



Additional Funding Recommendations

The Commission supports:

- additional local funding options recommended in a 2009 Legislative Report;
- additional revenue authority for transit operations and capital;
- funding long-term ferry capital needs with a vehicle excise tax or similar source, at a rate that eliminates the need for administrative transfers; and
- increased ferry fares and other ferry operating revenues to close the funding gap for ferry operations. Impose ferry fuel surcharges when warranted.



Transportation Revenue Options

Supplement Gas Tax Revenues with Tolling

- Build a project
- Manage traffic
- Build a project and manage traffic
- Manage a transportation corridor



Tolling To Fund a Project



Tacoma Narrows Bridge

Project Cost: \$735 million

Toll Revenue makes bond payments and finances maintenance and operations.

Toll Rates for car (July 1):

<i>Good to Go:</i>	\$4.00
<i>Cash:</i>	\$5.00
<i>Pay by Mail:</i>	\$6.00

Transit not exempt from tolls.



Tolling To Manage Traffic

SR 167 HOT Lane Pilot Project:

- High Occupancy Toll (HOT) Lanes use dynamic tolling.
- Rates reflect current traffic in HOT and general purpose lanes.
- Speeds have increased by 11% in GP lanes.
- Average toll: Less than \$1.00.
- HOV & transit exempt from tolls.



Tolling to Build a Project and Manage Traffic

SR 520 Replacement/HOV

- New floating bridge
- Extends HOV lanes from I-5 to SR 202

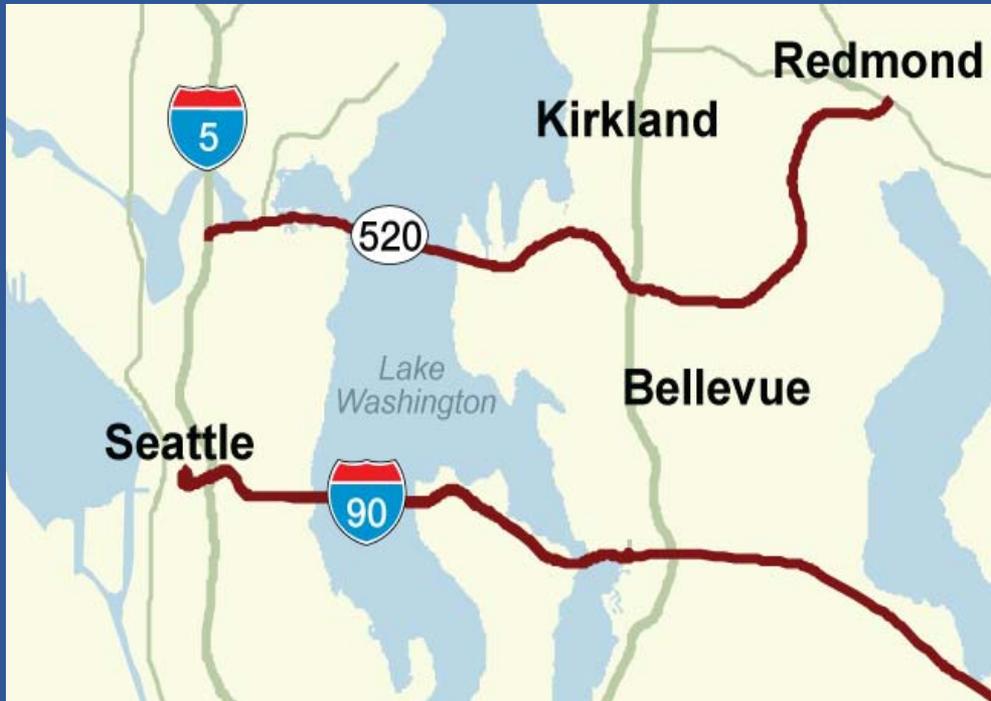
Project Cost: \$4.65 billion

Variable Tolling

- Weekday Peak Car Toll Rates (July 1):
 - *Good to Go!* \$3.59
 - Pay by Mail \$5.13
- No tolls 11 pm – 5 am
- Registered vanpools and transit are exempt from tolls.



Tolling to Manage a Transportation Corridor



Although SR 520 and I-90 function as a Cross-Lake Corridor, currently tolls are charged only on SR 520. Fares charged on the Bainbridge-Seattle and Bremerton-Seattle ferry routes are set the same to balance demand on the two routes.



Tolling in the Future

Two Additional Toll Facilities Authorized

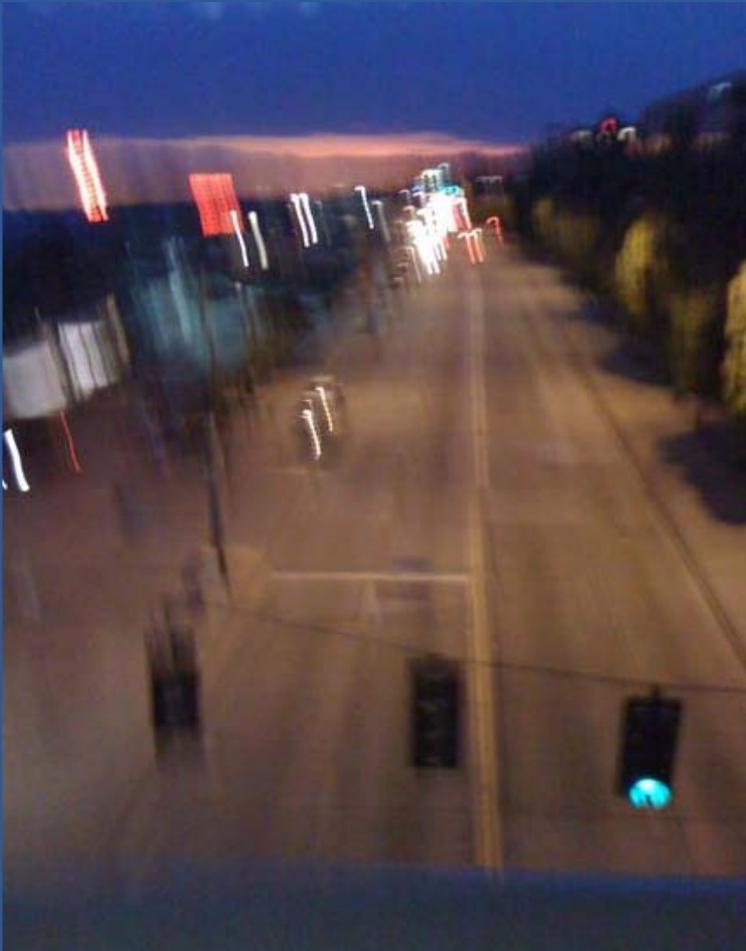
- I-5 Columbia River Crossing
- SR 99 AWV Replacement Tunnel

Four toll studies underway:

- I-405/SR 167 Express Toll Lanes
- SR 509 Extension to I-5
- SR 167 Extension to Port of Tacoma
- I-90 from I-5 to I-405



Shape and develop priorities and funding for the future



- 2013 Transportation Funding Package
- Road Usage Charge Assessment
- The Next WTP
- Voice of Washington Survey

Going Forward to the Future



Road Usage Charge Assessment

- Could this work?
- Transition from Gas Tax
- High tech? Low Tech?
- Implementation Choices



The Next WTP

- Adoption date December 2014

Tell Us What You Think:

www.voiceofwashingtonsurvey.org

